

QUARTO CORSO DI PERFEZIONAMENTO IN RESTAURO
DI MANUFATTI ARCHITETTONICI ALLO STATO DI RUDERE

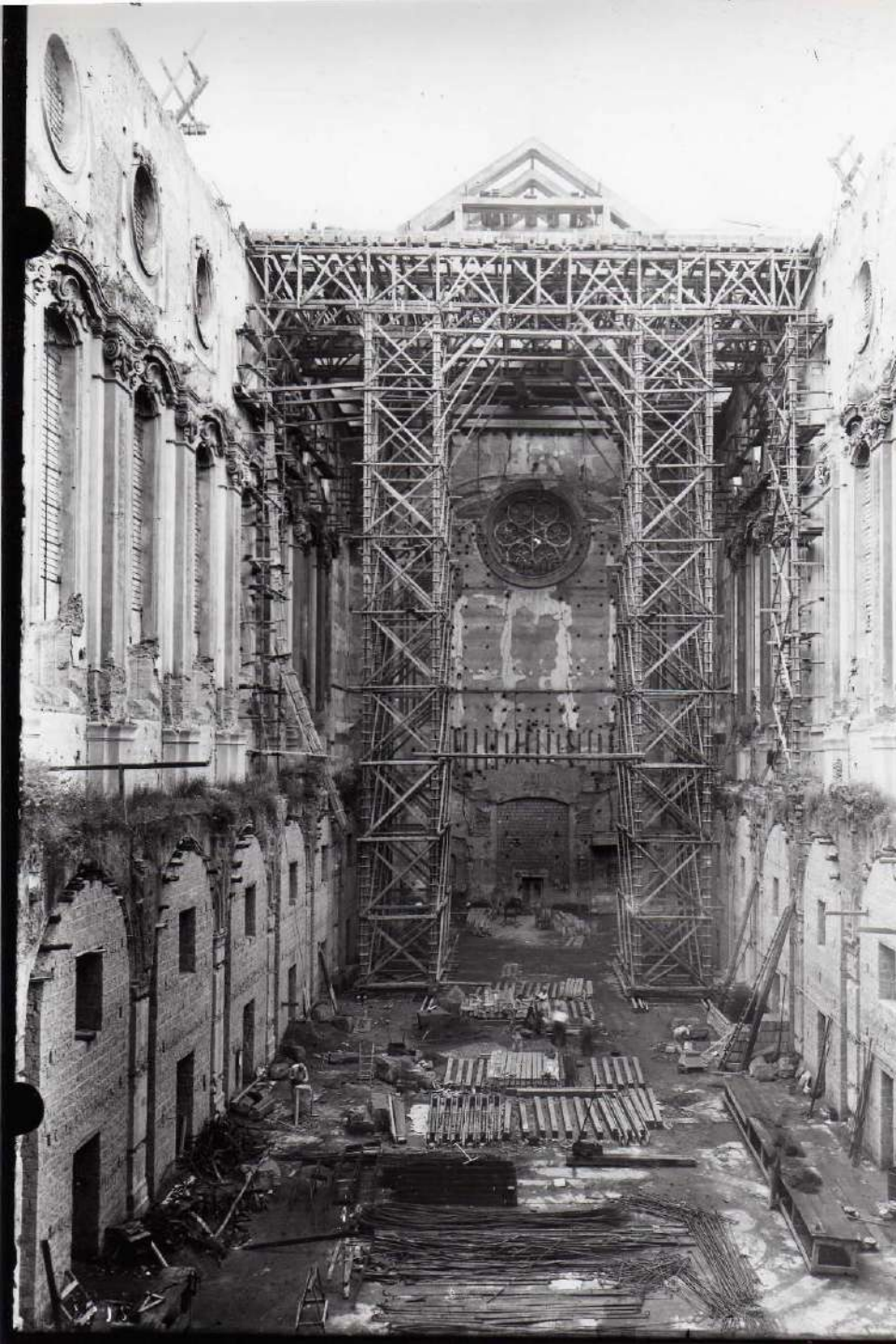
*La conservazione dei manufatti
in condizioni di rischio bellico*

Fabio Maniscalco = tel./fax 0815511369

E-mail: osservatoriobc@tin.it

Web page: <http://web.tiscalinet.it/osservatoriobc>





Monteoliveto
Guido Mazzoni



Hué



Angkor Vat





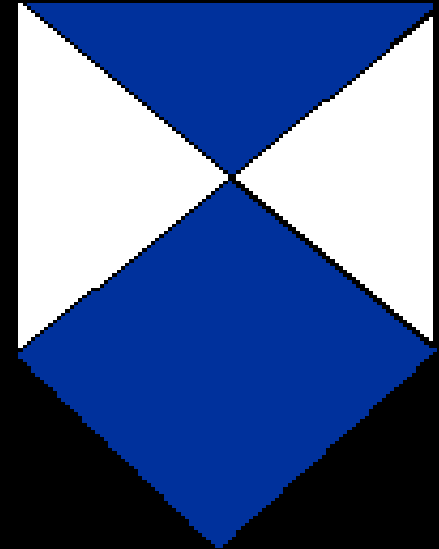
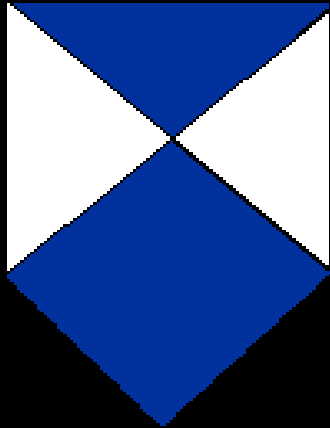
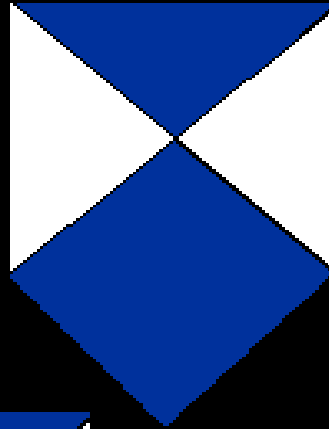
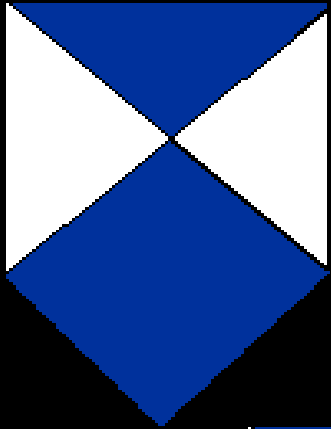
BLU 82



MOAB



Convenzione de L'Aja del 1954
Artt. 6 e 16: Segno distintivo



Protezione Semplice

Protezione Speciale

Mostar





Sarajevo. Biblioteca









**Sarajevo. Moschea di
Gazi Husrev Bey**



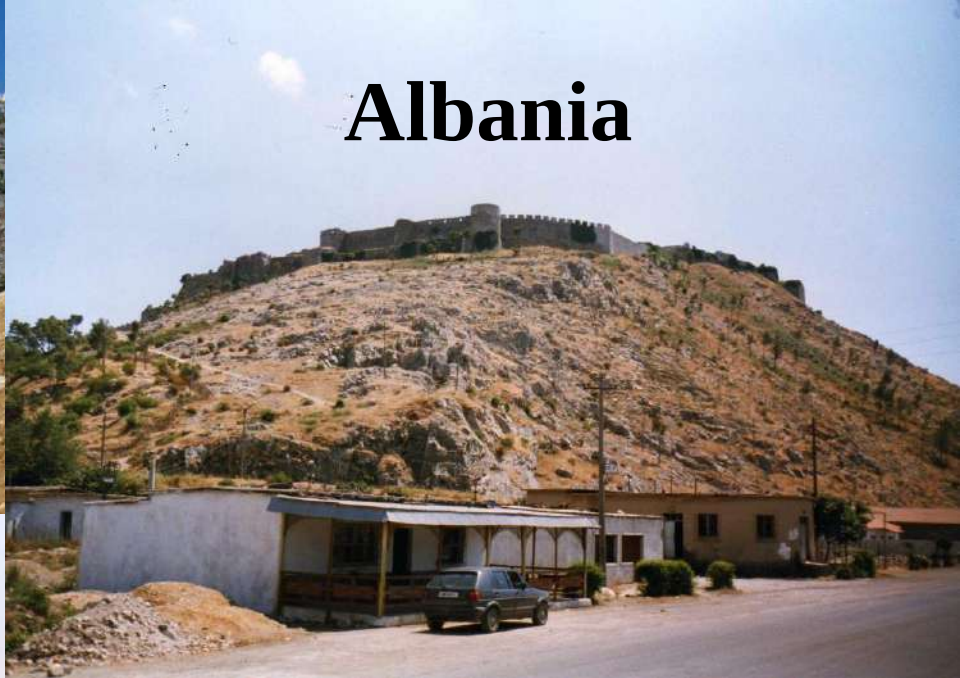


Sarajevo. Museo di Stato della
Bosnia-Herzegovina



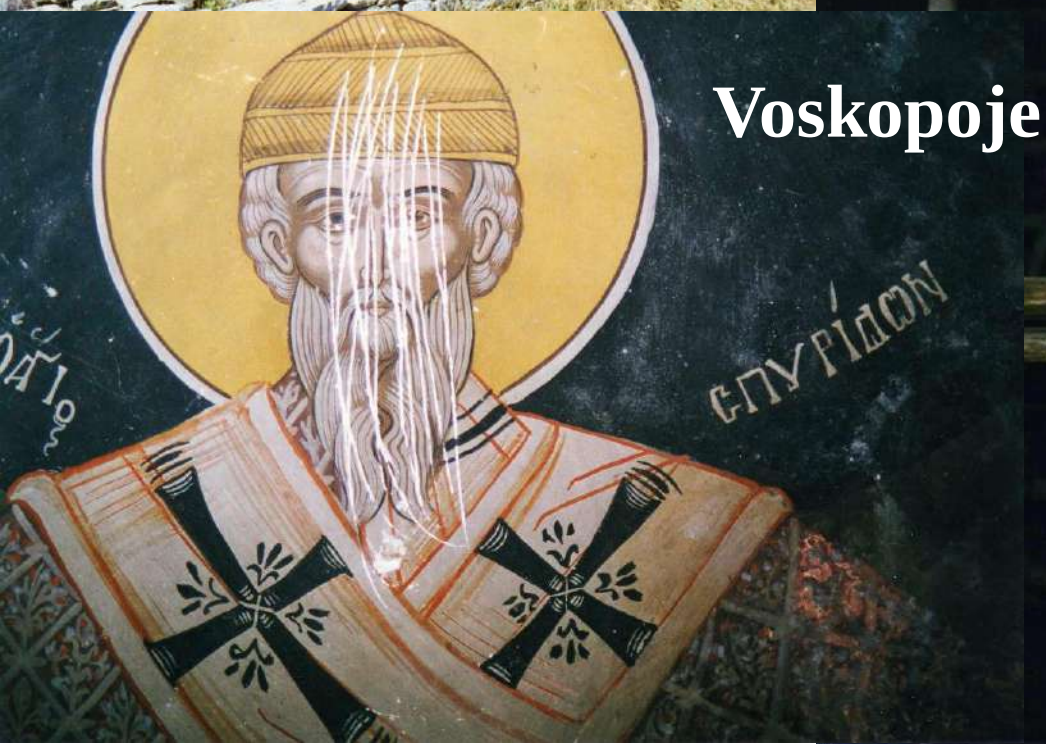
Sarajevo. Museo Olimpico

Albania





Durazzo. Anfiteatro



Voskopoje









Museo di Korce

1999 Repubblica Federale Jugoslava Violazione di:

1. Convenzione de L'Aja del 1954
2. Carta delle Nazioni Unite (ingerenza nella sovranità nazionale)
3. Convenzione di Ginevra del 1949
4. Convenzione di Ottawa 1997 (impiego delle mine antiuomo)



Chiesa SS. Salvatore Prizren



*Chiesa della Santa Trinità a
Djakovica*



*Prizren. Chiesa della Santissima
Vergine Maria (XIV sec.)*



*Musutiste. Monastero
della Santa Trinità,
(XIV sec.)*



The photograph captures the interior of a severely damaged church. The structure is characterized by thick, light-colored stone or concrete pillars that support a partially collapsed roof. The walls are heavily deteriorated, with large sections of plaster missing, revealing the underlying masonry and remnants of faded frescoes. A prominent feature is a large, semi-circular apse at the far end, which contains a small, dark, rectangular opening. The floor is a chaotic mix of rubble, including broken stones, bricks, and debris. A red and white striped caution tape is strung across the foreground, indicating restricted access. The lighting is bright, suggesting daylight, and the overall atmosphere is one of desolation and historical loss.

Priština. Chiesa di San Nicola



XIII sec.



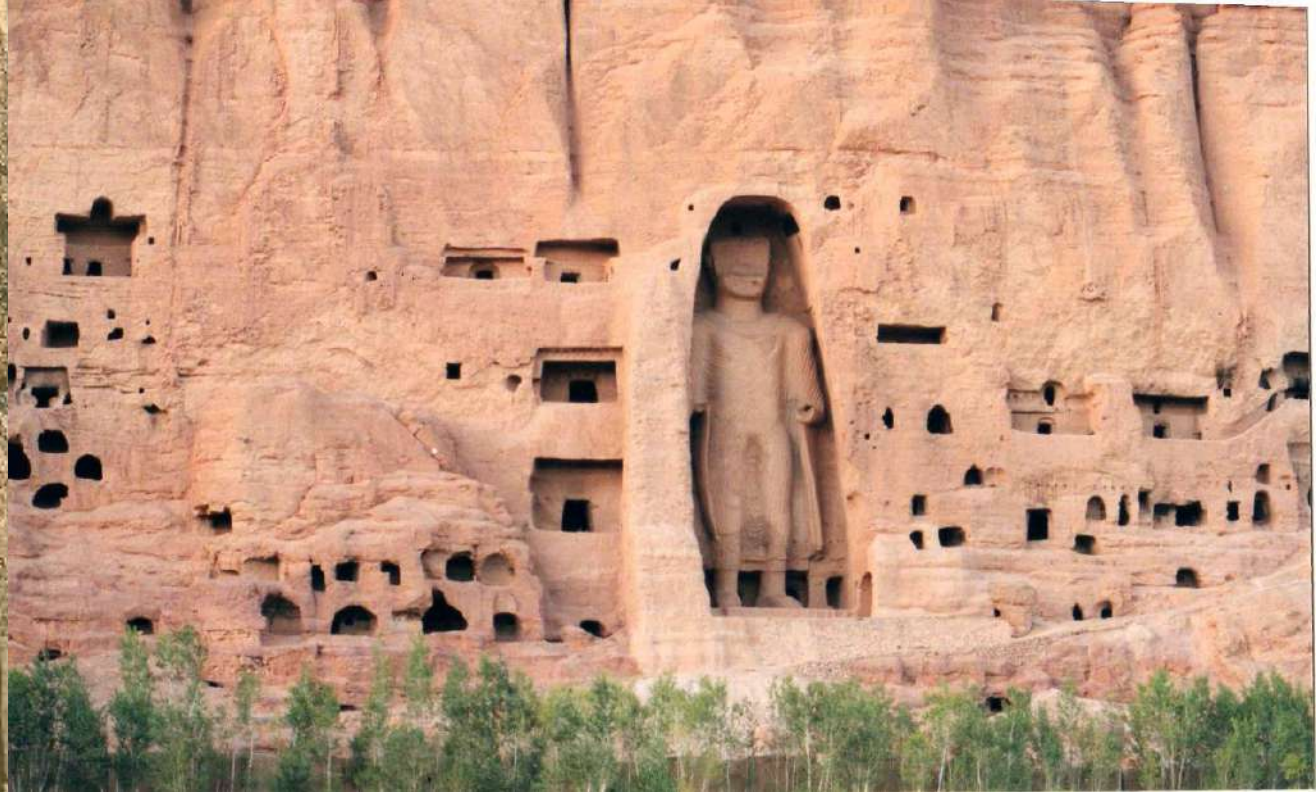
Afghanistan



Museo Kabul anni '70

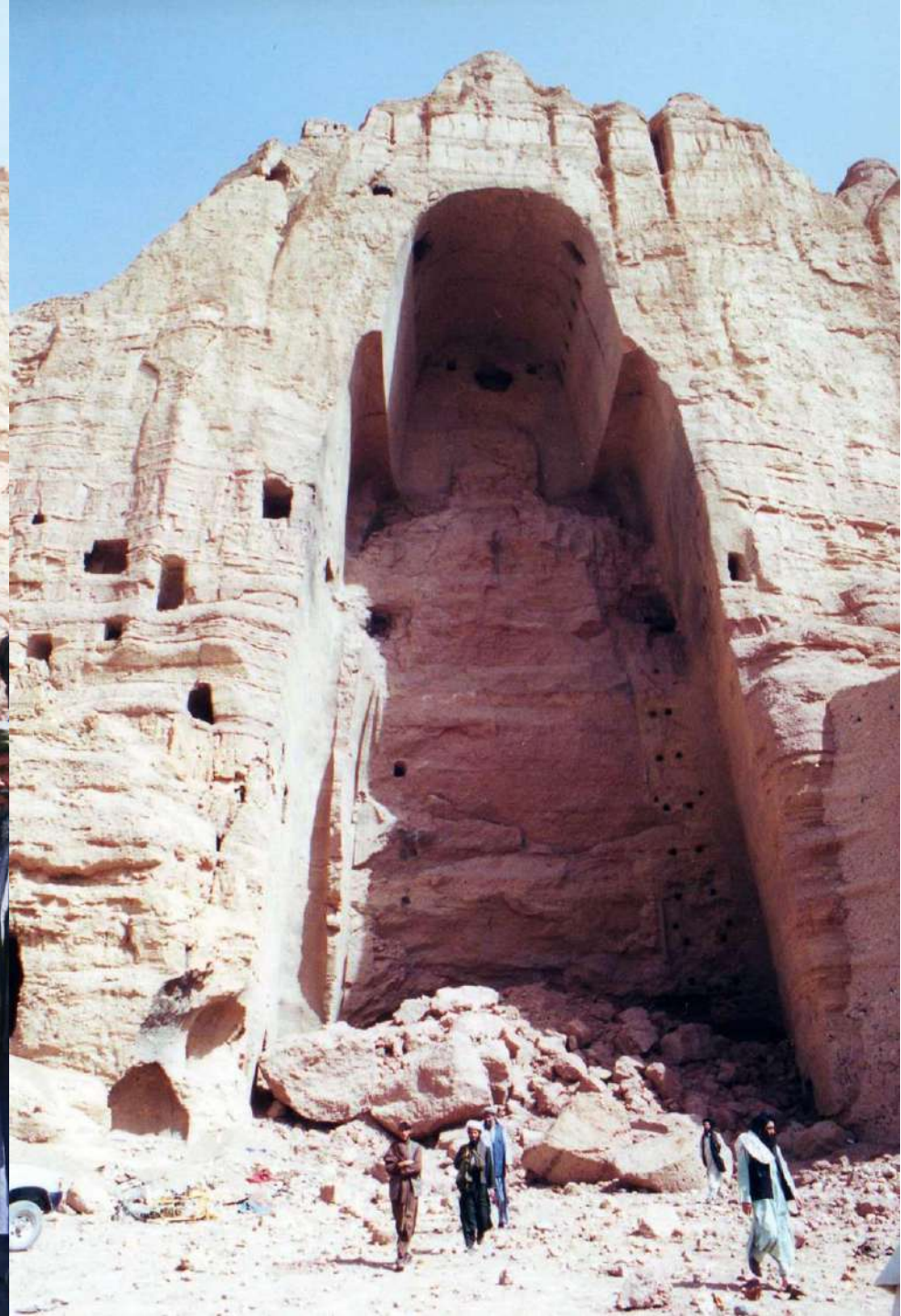


Museo Kabul 1993



Valle di Bamiyan





Iraq post embargo 1991



**Statua da Khorsabad, segata per
esportazione**
(dieci responsabili furono impiccati)



**Isin. Scavi
clandestini**



Iraq 2003



Ministero Informazione



Mosul Palazzo di Saddam













Museo Archeologico di Baghdad

501.000 manufatti

2% (10.936 circa) mancanti

4% (18.568 circa) danneggiati



Museo di Mosul



SUMERIAN CUNEIFORM TABLET
Record of barley issued by UR-ENLIL
Month Tammuz, 31st year of Sargi
c. 2008 B.C.



Tav. cuneiforme c.a 1700 a.C.
(venduta 2150 \$)



Figura in Alabastro 2900 a.C.

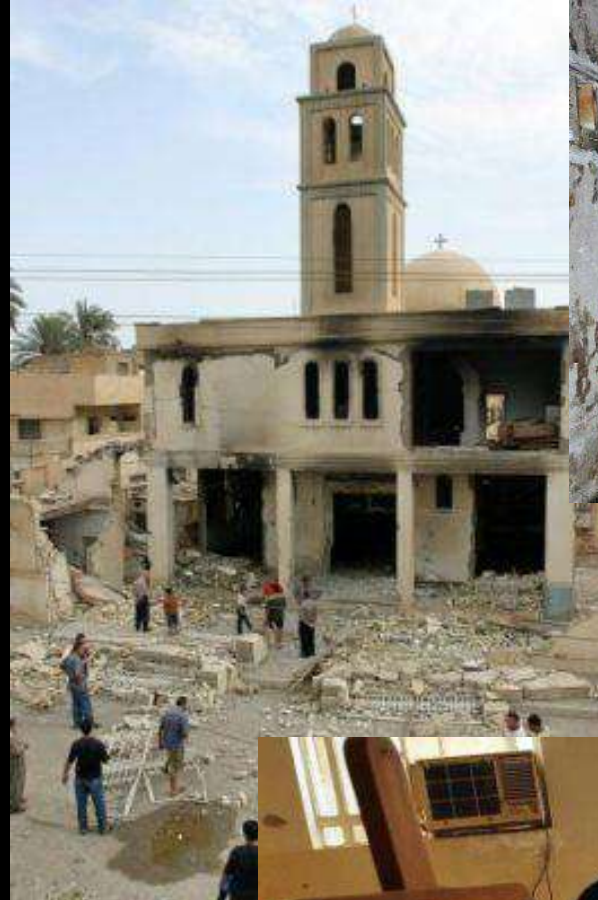


Samarra:Malwiya
(minareto a spirale) marzo 2005

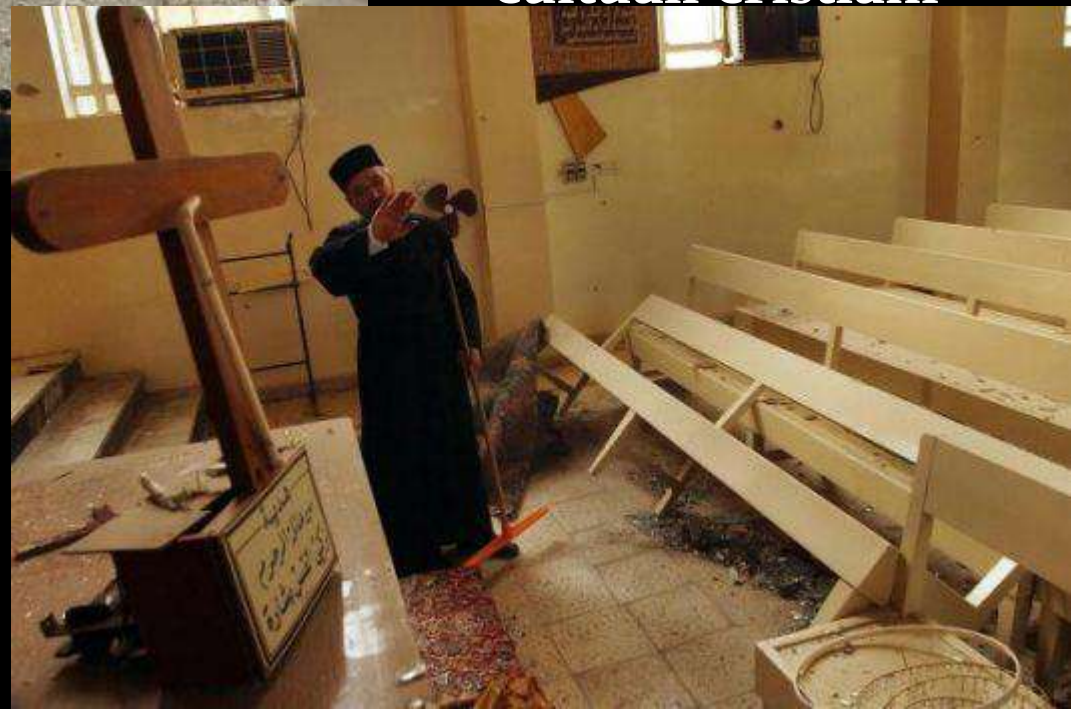


Babilonia





**Iraq, ottobre 2004:
attentati contro edifici
culturali cristiani**





Biblioteca Nazionale (e archivio)



Arte di Ifé (XI-XV sec.)



Cultura Nok circa IX sec.

Costo reperto, circa 100.000 euro

— Ligne verte
— Limites de la municipalité de Jérusalem

Villages palestiniens

- de moins de 3 000 habitants
- de 3 000 à 6 000 habitants
- Autres centres urbains et quartiers palestiniens (plus de 6 000 habitants)

Colonies israéliennes

- ▲ faiblement peuplées
- ▲ importantes
- ▲ Extensions prévues

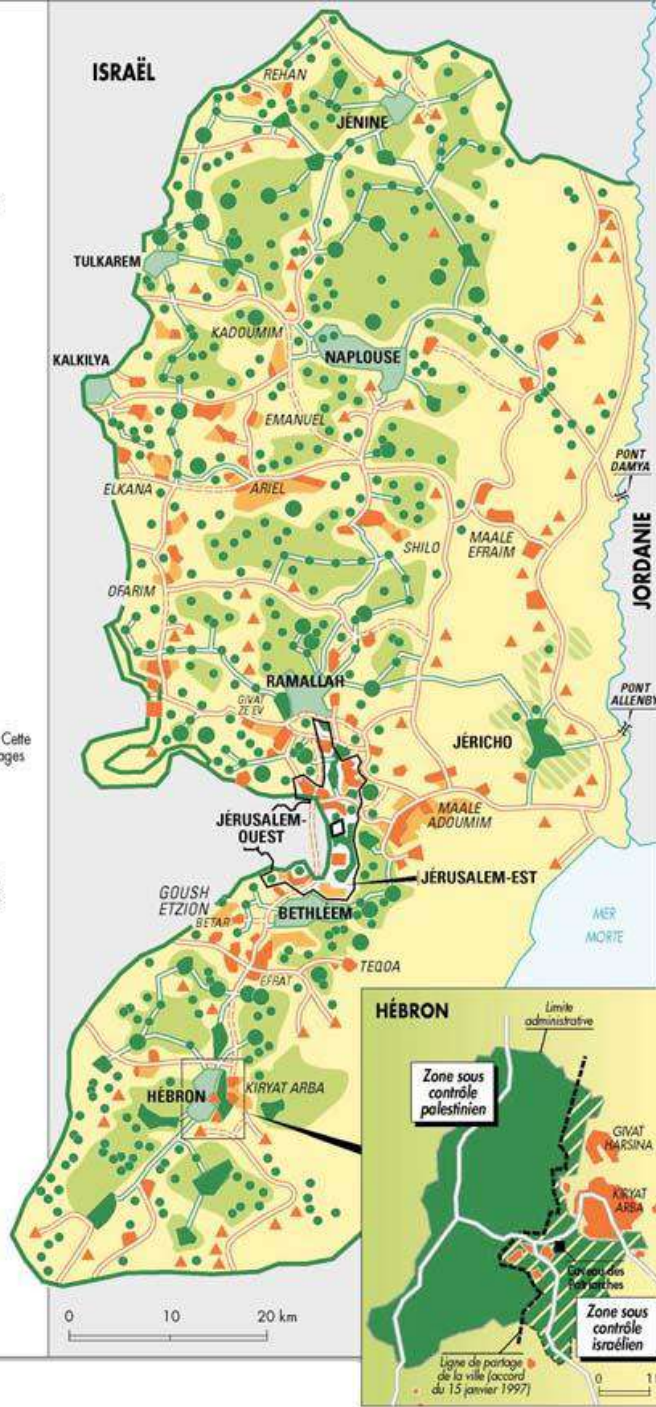
Circulation

- Voies d'accès aux colonies israéliennes (circulation réglementée pour les véhicules palestiniens, arrêts aux points de contrôle)
- Voies d'accès en projet ou en construction
- Routes palestiniennes (circulation libre)

L'organisation territoriale après les accords

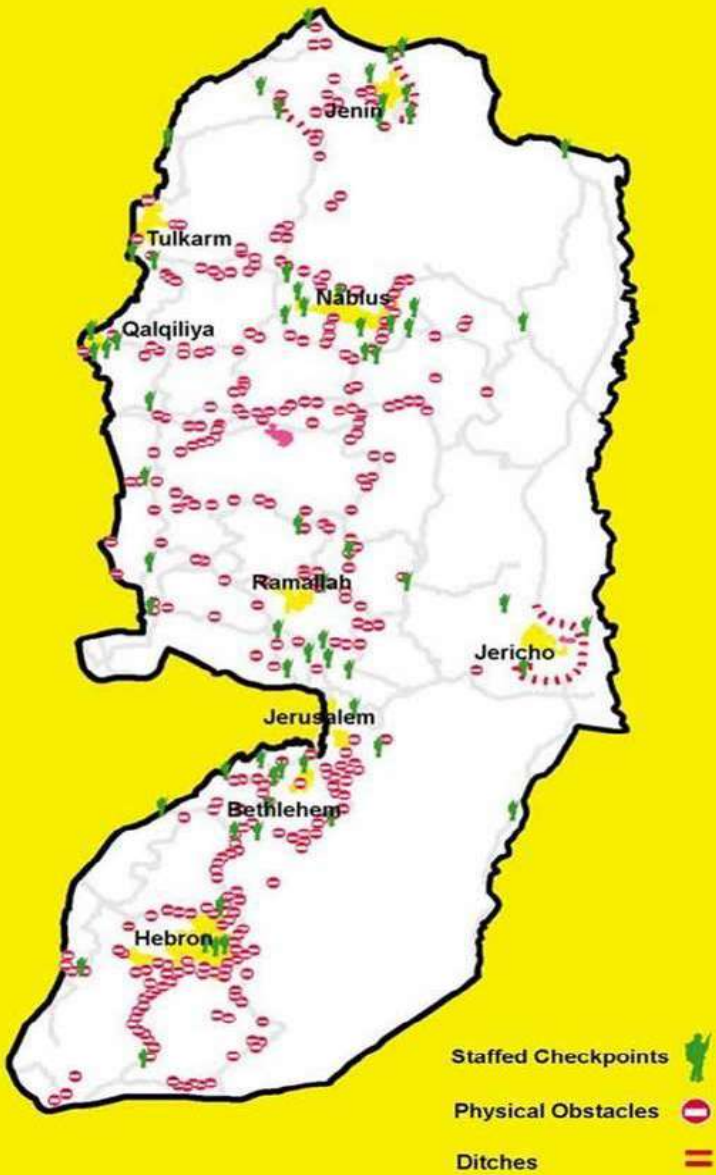
- Autonomie palestinienne [Oslo I]
- Zone A : Autonomie palestinienne [Oslo II]
- Zone B : Territoires sous contrôle mixte [Oslo II]. Cette zone comprend aussi la quasi-totalité des villages arabes situés géographiquement en zone C.
- Zone C : Territoires restant sous contrôle israélien [Oslo II]

La zone de Jérusalem-Est annexée par Israël en 1967 (en blanc sur la carte) est exclue des accords intermédiaires



B'Tselem Map of IDF Checkpoints and Roadblocks

Within the West Bank there are 56 staffed checkpoints, and 607 physical roadblocks that prevent the passage of motor vehicles - 457 dirt piles, 94 concrete blocks, and 56 trenches.



Betlemme, “Abu Ghnaim Mountain”

January 1997



October 2004



Hebron. “Hart Dar Daan” (XVIII secolo)



FINE